# **Original Hebrew Bible**

## A FREE PALEO HEBREW INTERLINEAR BIBLE

**BOOK VIII** 

### Ruth

Version 1.0



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#### **Version 1.0 Notes**

The translation used for this Bible is the Berean Standard Bible (BSB), which is a public domain translation. The transliteration used is based on the BSB transliteration. To improve readability, we replaced the international phonetic symbols with the letters and sounds they represent. The Original Hebrew text is based on the Westminster Leningrad Codex (WLC), with vowel points removed. The WLC contains letters (peh/p and samek/s) which were added as punctuation at the end of some lines of the Hebrew text. Where these letters were attached to Father's name YHVH, they have been removed. In future Versions of this Bible, we hope to remove all added punctuation.

Please note that this Version has thousands of pages. When printing, we suggest printing a few pages at a time.

Search works best on a desktop computer. To search for a verse on desktop, search for the full name of the book, followed by the chapter and verse number. Example:

#### Deuteronomy 30:4

To search for a verse on mobile, searching for the book and chapter may work best. Example:

#### Deuteronomy 30

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Shalom unto Jerusalem.

M. Dawson September 10, 2023

Original Hebrew Letter	Letter Name	Letter Sounds	Original Hebrew Letter	Letter Name	Letter Sounds
y	alef	ah, eh	J	lamed	1
건	bet	b, v	$\sim$	mem	m
L	gimmel	g	<b>°</b> 7	nachash	n
$\triangle$	dalet	d	丰	samek	S
뵛	hey	h	0	ayin	ah, eh, oh
Y	vav	v, oh, oo	<u> </u>	peh	p, ph
1	zayin	Z	on	tsade	ts
Ш	chet	ch	-	quf	q
$\oplus$	tet	t	$\varsigma$	resh	r
$\searrow$	yod	y, ee	Ш	shin	s, sh
W	kaf	k, kh	†	tav	t

Ruth					
	Original Hebrew	Transliteration	BSB Translation		
Ruth 1:1	YLY	vay·hee	there was		
	>-M>-L	bee·me	In the days		
	<b>——</b> Ш	she·phot	ruled		
	MYAOUY	hash·sho·phe·teem	when the judges		
	<u>)—Ч</u> У—Ү	vay·hee			
	己〇分	ra∙av	a famine		
	ang y L	ba·a·rets	in the land		
	<b>W</b> ク>ーY	vay·ye·lekh	went		
	M—A	eesh	And a certain man		
	t>UとM	mib·bet	from		
		le∙chem	Bethlehem		
	<b>光</b> 公丫\$>—	ye·hu·dah	in Judah		
	$\gamma \Gamma$	la∙gur	to reside		
	$\rightarrow \triangle$ UU	bis∙de	in the land		
	山 <del>》</del> YM	mo·w·av	of Moab		
	<b>E</b> YY	hu	-		
	YTUBY	ve·ish·to	with his wife		
	>' <sup>†</sup> \-LJ\	u∙she∙ne	and two		
	Y>—٩٢	va·naw	sons		
Ruth 1:2	МШҮ	ve∙shem	name		
	U>J\}₹	ha∙eesh	The man's		
	₩/M>- <b>¾</b>	elee·me·lekh	was Elimelech		
	МПХ	ve∙shem	name		
	Ytwb	ish·to	his wife's		
	>-MO9	na∙o∙mee	was Naomi		

and the names	ve·shem	MUY	
of his two	she∙ne	>—1911	
sons	va·naw	Y>-19cb	
were Mahlon	mach·lo·wn	9YJIIIM	
and Chilion	ve·khil·yo·wn	5Y>/WY	
They were Ephrathites	eph∙ra∙teem	m>+9-8	
from	mib·bet	t>-ととM	
Bethlehem	le-chem	MIII. $J$	
in Judah	ye·hu·dah	Y_XYY>	
and they entered	vay·ya·vo·u	YYUYY	
the land	se·de	УДУШ	
of Moab	mo·w·av	山 分 个 M	
and settled	vay∙yih∙yu	Y>	
there	sham	МП	
died	vay∙ya∙mat	tm>Y	Ruth 1:3
Elimelech	e·lee·me·lekh	W/M>J\	
husband	eesh	U>->>	
Then Naomi's	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
was left	vat·tish·sha·er	₹ SULTY	
and she	hee	<b>∀</b> >─¹५	
with her two	u∙she∙ne	>-J\$LLJY	
sons	va·ne·ha	ጟኦጕ፟ጘረጏ	
who took	vay∙yis∙u	Y)SM>Y	Ruth 1:4
-	la∙hem	M빗/	
women as their wives	na∙sheem	М>—Шч {Y>—ЫУМ	
Moabite	mo∙a∙vee∙yo∙wt	1Y>-138m	
named	shem	МШ	

one	ha∙a∙chat	TIII 94	
Orpah	a·re·pah	₹ <b>-</b> 90	
named	ve·shem	мшү	
and the other	hash·she·neet	1>	
Ruth	rut	tys	
And after they had lived	vay·ye·she·vu	YEJUVYY	
in Moab	sham	МП	
about ten	ke-e-ser	ЯШ©Ш	
years	sha·neem	M>─19LL	
died	vay∙ya∙mu∙tu	YHYMY	Ruth 1:5
also	gam	ML	
both	she·ne·hem	/// / ነተ	
Mahlon	mach·lo·wn	97JIIIM	
and Chilion	ve·khil·yo·wn	かとして	
was left	vat·tish·sha·er	ЛУШ <del>I</del> Y	
and Naomi	ha∙ish∙shah	<b>光山</b> りま	
without her two	mish-she-ne	>─1 <sup>4</sup> \LU/M	
sons	ye·la·de·ha		
and without her husband	u·me∙ee·shah	₹U>->>MY M	
prepared	vat·ta·qam	M- <del>-</del> -	Ruth 1:6
she	hee	<b>&gt;</b>	
and her daughters-in- law	ve·khal·lo·te·ha	サーナノミン	
to leave	vat·ta·shav	건 니 간	
the land	mis·se·de	MUXM	
of Moab	mo·w·av	CT SYM	
When	kee	)—\ <i>U</i>	

[Naomi] heard	sha∙me∙ah	Y⊘MU	
	bis·deh	光夕山凸	
in Moab	mo·w·av	L) SYM	
that	kee	$\succ$	
had attended to	pha·qad	<b>△</b>	
the LORD	YHVH	ূ (	
-	et	18	
His people	am∙mo	YMO	
by providing	la·tet	tt <i>J</i>	
them	la∙hem	M빗/	
with food	la·chem	MIII	
she left	vat·te·tse	Youty	Ruth 1:7
	min	3m	
the place	ham·ma·qo·wm	MY-MY	
where	a·sher	<b>ி</b> ய்≽	
she had been [living]	ha∙ye∙tah	<u> </u>	
	sham∙mah	<b>УМШ</b>	
her two	u∙she∙te	>─/WY	
daughters-in-law	khal·lo∙te∙ha	火ナナノい	
Accompanied by	im∙mah	₹M©	
and set out	vat·te·lakh·nah	Y's WUSTY	
on the road	vad·de·rekh	WSAL	
leading back	la·shuv	凸Y山ノ	
to	el	J&	
the land	e·rets	onsily	
of Judah	ye∙hu∙dah	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
said	vat·to·mer	SMSTY	Ruth 1:8

Then Naomi	na o moo	UM 05	
	na∙o∙mee	>-M@1	
to her two	lish∙te	> ↑LLL/	
daughters-in-law	khal·lo·te·ha	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
" Go	le·khe·nah	49WJ	
back	sho·ve·nah	몇5cbLU	
each of you	ish∙shah	<b>УШУ</b>	
home	le∙vet	∤>──८७/	
to your mother's	im∙mah	YMY	
show	ya∙ʿa∙sɛh	₹U <b>&gt;</b> >	
May the LORD	YHVH	ূ	
you	im·ma·khem	MWMO	
loving devotion	che·sed	炸皿	
as	ka∙a∙sher	3HIXW	
you have shown	a·see·tem	MYYUO	
to	im	MO	
your dead	ham∙me∙teem	m>tmy	
and to me	ve·im·ma·dee	MOY	
enable	yit∙ten	9 <del>1</del> >—	Ruth 1:9
May the LORD	YHVH	ূ	
of you	la·khem	MUUJ	
to find	u·me·tse·na	MWJ	
rest	me∙nu∙chah	YIIIY9/M	
each	ish∙shah	¥Ub⁄	
in the home	bet	∤─────────────────────────────────────	
of your new husband "	ee·shah	₹U>V\$	
And she kissed	vat·tish·shaq	<b>→</b> Ш <b>†</b> Y	
them	la∙hen	990	

aloud	vat·tis·se·nah	<b>47841</b>	
	qo·w·lan	9JY-	
as they wept	vat·tiv·ke·nah	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
and said	vat·to·mar·nah	I'm yty	Ruth 1:10
	lah	n d	
" Surely	kee	)—(III	
with you	it∙takh	wty	
we will return	na·shuv	ككلالكاغ	
to your people "	le·am·mekh	WM@J	
replied	vat·to·mer	ambty	Ruth 1:11
But Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-M∞9	
" Return home	sho∙ve∙nah	ሂ፟ጎረጏኒፈ	
my daughters	ve·no·tay	>\thub	
Why	lam∙mah	YMJ	
would you go	te·lakh·nah	\\\\\J\	
with me?	im·mee	MO	
[Are] there still	ha∙o∙wd	AY OY	
	lee	$\rightarrow \mathcal{J}$	
sons	va·neem	M>-1 <sup>5</sup> 1 <sup>2</sup> 1 <sup>2</sup> >∞M <sup>2</sup> 2	
in my womb	be∙me∙ay	MOMU	
to become	ve∙ha∙yu	Y>'!!\Y	
your	la·khem	MUJ	
husbands?	la·a·na·sheem	M>UYY	
Return home	sho∙ve∙nah	<b>ሂ</b> ጎረ১ <b>L</b> LJ	Ruth 1:12
my daughters	ve·no·tay	>\the 15/15	
Go on	le·khe·na	3WJ	
for	kee	$\succ$ u	

I am too old	za·qan·tee	>	
to have	mih·yo·wt	<b>竹~</b> 児M	
another husband	le∙eesh	U>U>√	
Even if	kee	)—( <i>w</i> )	
I thought	a∙mar∙tee	> tamb	
there was	yesh		
for me	lee	$\rightarrow$ $\cup$	
hope	tiq∙vah	4Y	
and	gam	ME	
to have	ha·yee·tee	ンナンンツ	
tonight	hal·lay·lah	빗/)—/빗	
a husband	le∙eesh	U>U\$√	
	ve·gam	MLY	
to bear	ya·lad·tee	>\tau\>	
sons	va·neem	٨٩> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>7</sub> ك	
for them	ha·la·hen	<b>5</b> 男/男	Ruth 1:13
would you wait	te∙sab∙be∙re∙nah	男名	
to	ad	SO	
-	a∙sher	<b>УПР</b>	
grow up ?	yig·da·lu	YUALY	
	ha·la·hen	<b>5</b> 男/男	
Would you refrain	te∙a∙ge∙nah	YhL <b>○</b> ∤	
from	le∙vil∙tee	>一十 ノ と	
having	he·yo·wt	<b>十</b> 十一里	
husbands?	le-eesh	U√ <b>%</b> U~U	
No	al	S	
my daughters	be∙no∙tay	>	

-	kee	$\succ$	
it grieves	mar	$\gamma \sim$	
me	lee	$\searrow \mathcal{J}$	
very much	me∙od	DEM	
for	mik·kem	MUM	
your sakes that	kee	$\succ$	
has gone out	ya∙tse∙ah	y you	
against me "	vee	〉	
the hand	yad		
of the LORD	YHVH	サイザン	
aloud	vat·tis·se·nah	<b>47</b> 111	Ruth 1:14
	qo∙w·lan	7 N	
they wept	vat·tiv·ke·nah	<b>男ケー いさ</b> 十	
Again	o·wd	AYO	
kissed	vat·tish·shaq	<b>→</b> Ш  Y	
and Orpah	a·re·pah	Ÿ <b>─</b> N○	
her mother-in-law {goodbye}	la·cha·mo·w·tah	<b>児什Y////////////////////////////////////</b>	
but Ruth	ve·rut	TYSY	
clung	da·ve·qah	┦━凸☆	
to her	bah	<b>光</b> 凸	
said Naomi	vat∙to∙mer	SMYTY	Ruth 1:15
" Look "	hin∙neh	<b>쐿</b> 5쐿	
has gone back	sha∙vah	<b>光凸山</b>	
" your sister-in-law	ye∙vim∙tekh	שלאארה האלה	
to	el	J& 4M∞ J&Y	
her people	am∙mah	¥M⊙	
and	ve·el	JOY	

	47-1478	e·lo·he·ha	her gods
	> كالإلى	shu∙vee	follow
	u	a∙cha∙re	[her] back home
	w/M25>-	ye·vim·tekh	n
Ruth 1:16	nmyty	vat·to·mer	replied :
	tys	rut	But Ruth
	S	al	" Do not
		tiph∙ge∙ee	urge
	>ساك	vee	me
	WULOJ	le-a-ze-vekh	to leave you
	신 건 년 년 년	la∙shuv	[or] to turn
	W>-\JIII}	me·a·cha·ra·yikh	from following you
	<b>)—</b> []]	kee	For
	S	el	wherever
	91119	a·sher	-
	<b>ナル</b> ピノナ	te·le·khee	you go
	W/Y	e·lekh	I will go
	வம்}ப்Υ	u∙va∙a∙sher	and wherever
	<b>├</b> ─ <sup>4</sup> <b>├</b> ─ <i>√</i> †	ta·lee·nee	you live
	Ŷ <b>〉</b>	a∙leen	I will live
	WMO	am·mekh	your people
	MO	am·mee	will be my people
	W>-14/84	ve·lo·ha·yikh	and your God
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	e·lo·hay	will be my God
Ruth 1:17	引山乡也	ba∙a∙sher	Where
	>-tYMt	ta·mu·tee	you die
	>-tymt tymb	a·mut	I will die

and there	ve·sham	МШҮ ЛЦ <del>-</del> У	
I will be buried	eq·qa·ver	引出一岁	
	koh	ূ 빗 U	
punish	ya∙a∙seh	火 と り り し り し り り り り り り り り り り り り り り	
May the LORD	YHVH	<b> </b>	
me	lee	$\rightarrow$ $\cup$ $\cup$	
and ever so	ve·khoh	봇 <b>ɯ</b> Y	
severely	yo∙seeph	<b>→</b> ↓‡}	
if	kee	$\succ$	
anything but death	ham·ma·vet	tymy.	
separates	yaph∙reed		
you	be∙nee	> <sup>1</sup> 7> <sup>1</sup> 25	
and me "	u∙ve∙nekh	₩ħ>─LbY	
When Naomi saw	vat·te·re	YSTY	Ruth 1:18
that	kee	$\succ$	
was determined	mit·am·me·tset	tomytm	
Ruth	hee	by 및	
to go	la·le·khet	†W <i>しし</i>	
with her	it·tah	ূ 및 T S	
she stopped	vat·tech·dal	JATITY	
trying to persuade her	le·dab·ber	$\Omega$	
	e·le·ha	\$\	
traveled	vat·te·lakh·nah	Yhw/ty	Ruth 1:19
So [Naomi and Ruth]	she·te·hem	MY>	
until	ad	\$€	
they came	bo∙a∙nah	<b> </b>	
to	bet	<b>炒一</b> 也	

Bethlehem	la∙chem	$M_{III}J$	
When they	vay·hee	<u></u>	
entered	ke·vo·a·nah	¥7825W	
	bet	十 <del>一</del> 凸	
Bethlehem	le-chem		
was stirred	vat·te·hom	MYTY	
the whole	kal	$\mathcal{J}$ $\mathcal{U}$ $\mathcal{U}$	
city	ha∙eer	NYO!₹	
because of them	a·le·hen	94×10	
and the women [of the city] exclaimed	vat·to·mar·nah	型からM&TY	
" Can this	ha∙zot	お工児	
be Naomi ? "	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
she replied	vat·to·mer	smyty	Ruth 1:20
	a∙le∙hen	う と	
" Do not	al	S	
call	tiq∙re∙nah	₹989 <del></del> +	
me	lee	$\rightarrow \mathcal{J}$	
Naomi "	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
" Call	qe∙re∙na	489 €	
me	lee	489- > >√	
Mara	ma∙ra		
because	kee	<b>)—</b> W	
has dealt quite bitterly	he∙mar	<b>分</b> ///	
the Almighty	shad·day	>¬\$\mu	
with me	lee	>\ДШ >\/ ДУМ >\YY	
	me∙od	DYM	
1	a∙nee	>-19by	Ruth 1:21

full	me·le·ah	YY JM	
went away	ha·lakh·tee	>\tw <i>U</i> \t	
empty	ve·re·qam	M- <b>-</b> >-\\\	
has brought me back	he·shee·va·nee	>17-23>1419	
but the LORD	YHVH	ツンツ リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リン・リ	
Why	lam∙mah	YM√	
call	tiq∙re∙nah	₹5 <b>४</b> ९ <del>-</del> 1	
me	lee	$\rightarrow \mathcal{U}$	
Naomi ?	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
After all, the LORD	va·YHVH	'빗丫빗〉—'Y	
has testified	a∙nah	¥50	
against me	vee	)一凸	
and the Almighty	ve·shad·day	YLLIQLY	
has afflicted	he∙ra	<b>ा</b> १	
me "	lee	$\searrow \mathcal{J}$	
returned	vat·ta·shav	습 <b>니</b> (Y	Ruth 1:22
So Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
Ruth	ve·rut	TYSY	
the Moabitess	ham·mo·w·a·vee·yah	빗>	
her daughter-in-law	khal·la·tah	<b>サノ</b> し	
with	im∙mah	₹M©	
	hash·sha·vah	볏스니뱃	
from the land	mis·se·de	MUXL	
of Moab	mo·w·av	口》YM	
And they	ve·hem·mah	묏M빗Y	
arrived	ba∙u	YAL	
	bet	から	

in Bethlehem	le-chem	MIII	
at the beginning	bit·chil·lat	<i>₹√</i> Ⅲ/८	
harvest	qe·tseer	gy-on-	
of the barley	se·o·reem	MYJOU	
Now Naomi	u·le·na·o·mee	>-MOYN	Ruth 2:1
had a relative	me·yud·daʻ	Ø\$>J~M	
on her husband's side	le-ee-shah	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
man	eesh	П>->	
a prominent	gib·bo·wr	引Y凸L	
of noble character	cha·yil	√>===	
from the clan	mim·mish·pa·chat	∤III—UMM	
of Elimelech	e·lee·me·lekh	$\mathbb{Z}_{\mathcal{M}}$	
whose name	u·she·mo	YMMY	
[was] Boaz	bo∙az	10世	
said	vat·to·mer	smyty	Ruth 2:2
And Ruth	rut	tys	
the Moabitess	ham·mo·w·a·vee·yah	빗>'스' <b>&gt;</b> 'Y^M빗	
	el	Jy	
to Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-M∞°	
let me go	e·le·khah	)/Mのら 児Ш <i>し</i> と	
" Please	na	87	
into the fields	has·sa·deh	<b>4</b> 114	
and glean	va·ʾa·la·qot·tah	₹ <b>⊕ - /∀</b> \	
heads of grain	va·shib·bo·līm	$\sim$	
after [someone]	a∙char	SIL	
in whose	a∙sher	Som Was	
I may find	em∙tsa	Lowma	

favor "	chen	5 <del>111</del>	
sight	be∙e∙naw	Y>-17>-06	
Naomi replied	vat∙to∙mer	nmyty	
	lah	빗	
" Go ahead	le·khee	<b>&gt;</b> →₩ <i>√</i>	
my daughter "	vit·tee	\rightarrow \right	
So Ruth departed	vat∙te∙lekh	w/tY	Ruth 2:3
and went out	vat·ta·vo·w	8YUTY	
and gleaned	vat·te·laq·qet	⊕ <i>-</i> -JtY	
into the field	bas·sa·deh	光公山凸	
after	a·cha·re	$\mathcal{V}$	
the harvesters	haq·qo·tse·reem	M>-Gon-y	
And she happened	vay·yi·qer	¬→>—	
to come	miq∙re∙ha	₩\n-M	
to the part	chel·qat	↑ <del></del>	
of the field	has·sa·deh	₹.⁄JU	
[belonging] to Boaz	le·vo·az	104	
who [was]	a·sher	91178	
from the clan	mim·mish·pa·chat	₹III—WMM WJM>J}	
of Elimelech	e·lee·me·lekh	W/M>J&	
Just then	ve·hin·neh	<b>474</b>	Ruth 2:4
Boaz	vo·az	100	
arrived	ba	》 상 년	
from	mib·bet	∤>'L'M	
Bethlehem	le-chem	MIII	
and said	vay∙yo∙mer	ηΜ <b>&gt;</b> -Υ Μ>η~~Υ/	
to the harvesters	laq·qo·wts·reem	M)-Jony-J	

" The LORD	YHVH	<b>火火火</b>	
be with you "	im·ma·khem	MWMO	
they replied	vay·yo·me·ru	YSMBY-Y	
	lo	YJ	
bless you "	ye·va·rekh·kha	ששקצא	
" The LORD	YHVH	'	
asked	vay∙yo∙mer	SM&>-Y	Ruth 2:5
And Boaz	bo∙az	100	
the foreman	le∙na∙a∙ro	YNO'I	
	han·nits·tsav	己の竹里	
of	al	J	
his harvesters	haq·qo·wts·reem	M>Jany-	
" Whose	le∙mee	>-IM√	
young woman	han∙na∙a∙rah	<b>빛위◎</b> 5빛	
is this?"	haz·zot	り工業	
answered	vay∙ya∙an	5° →Y	Ruth 2:6
The foreman	han∙na∙ar	<b>ᠬᢀ</b> ᡝᡟ	
	han·nits·tsav	己の竹児	
	al	J	
	haq·qo·wts·reem	M>-Gonyy	
	vay·yo·mar	S/M/8/-Y	
	na∙a∙rah	¥n∞¹	
the Moabitess	mo·w·a·vee·yah	划>	
" She [is]	hee	₩ ¥ ¥	
who returned	hash·sha·vah	볏스니빗	
with	im	MO HMO	
Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	

	Y SUM	mis·se·deh	from the land
	1) YM	mo·w·av	of Moab
Ruth 2:7	SMOTY	vat·to·mer	She has said
	¥⊕ <b>→ /</b> 8⁄	a·la·qo·tah	let me glean
	87	na	' Please
	>	ve·a·saph·tee	and gather
	MHRMOL	va∙o∙ma∙reem	among the sheaves
	u	a·cha·re	after
	M>Unony-y	haq·qo·wts·reem	the harvesters '
	by coly	vat·ta·vo·w	So she came out
	symoty	vat·ta·a·mo·wd	and has continued
	IJM	me·az	from
	<b>ᠬ</b> ╾凸ূ 박	hab∙bo∙qer	morning
	BOY	ve∙ad	until
	<b>11</b>	at∙tah	now
	<b>光</b> 工	zeh	except
	<b></b>	shiv·tah	that she rested
	1>	hab∙ba∙yit	in the shelter "
	<del>O</del> M	me·at	a short time
Ruth 2:8	JM&>Y	va <b>y</b> ·yo·mer	said
	100	bo∙az	Then Boaz
	J&	el	to
	tys	rut	Ruth
	<b>Y</b> YJ!	ha·lo·w	<i>"</i> _
		sha·ma·at	Listen
	tomu >-/ti	bit∙tee	my daughter
	J&	al	Do not
	- ·		

go	te·le·khee	<b>) しょうしょ</b>	
and glean	lil·qot	$\oplus$ $\longrightarrow$ $\int \int$	
field	be·sa·deh	光夕山凸	
in another	a∙cher	री <b>गा</b>	
and	ve·gam	MLY	
do not	lo	YJ	
go away	ta∙a∙vu∙ree	>	
from this [place]	miz·zeh	Y工M	
but stay here	ve·khoh	뿟WY	
close	tid∙ba∙qeen	9>	
to	im	MO	
my servant girls	na∙a∙ro∙tay	>-tn=9	
[Let] your eyes [be on]	e∙na∙yikh	W)—19/—	Ruth 2:9
field	bas·sa·deh	光夕山凸	
[the]	a∙sher	ിനു	
they are harvesting	yiq∙tso∙run	gygon->	
and follow along	ve·ha·lakh·ti	<b>ナ</b> Ш <i>が</i> 뮟Y	
after [these girls]	a∙cha∙re∙hen	5光—5112	
Indeed	ha·lo·w	<b>BYJ</b> Y	
I have ordered	tsiw·vee·tee	)/>/o	
-	et	18	
the young men	han∙ne∙a∙reem	M>US\∞5\y	
not	le·vil·tee	>一十一人と5つ	
to touch you	na·ge·ekh	WOLY	
And when you are thirsty	ve∙tsa∙mit	tmony twilt	
go	ve·ha·lakht	1WJYY	
	el	JY	

	MYJUY	hak·ke·leem	the jars
	ナーナ山Y	ve·sha·teet	and drink
	ЯШУ́М	me∙a∙sher	from
	5Y25 <b>&amp;</b> LU>—	yish·a·vun	have filled "
	M>→S\@\$\!	han·ne·a·reem	the young men
Ruth 2:10	J	vat·tip·pol	At this, she fell
	J	al	on
	الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	pa·ne·ha	her face
	YIIITUHY	vat·tish·ta·chu	bowing low
	yon (1)	a∙re∙tsah	to the ground
	ambty	vat·to·mer	and said
	Y>JY	e·law	to him
	@Y.&M	mad∙du∙a	" Why
	Hyonm	ma∙tsa∙tee	have I found
	920	chen	such favor
	W>-19>-10-15	be∙e∙ne∙kha	in your eyes
	>1 <sup>5</sup> 57>	le·hak·kee·re·nee	that you should take notice of me
	>-\W9\Y	ve'·'a·no·khī	even though I [am]
	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	na·khe·ree·yah	a foreigner?"
Ruth 2:11	°7∞>1Y	vay·ya·an	replied
	10世	bo∙az	Boaz
	nm>>→Y	vay∙yo∙mer	
	빗	lah	
	<b>⊅</b> LY	hug·ged	" I have been made fully aware
	<b>⊅</b> L५	hug·gad	,
	$\searrow$ $\bigcup$	lee	
	JW	kol	of all

_	a·sher	<b>ிய</b> ்	
you have done	a∙seet	/>- />U⊘	
for	et	18	
your mother-in-law	cha·mo·w·tekh	wtym III	
since	a·cha·re	— <u>\</u> ЛШ.}	
the death	mo∙wt	tym	
of your husband	ee·shekh	wu>-}	
how you left	vat·ta·az·vee	,	
your father	'a∙vīkh	W>-LJ <b>Y</b>	
and mother	ve·im·mekh	WM) Y	
and the land	ve·e·rets	an () AY	
of your birth	mo·w·lad·tekh	wtsym	
and how you came	vat·te·le·khee	>-\w <i>\</i> /1Y	
to	el	Jy	
a people	am	m©	
a people	a·sher	<b>ЯШ</b> У	
you did not	lo	₹J	
	ya∙da∙at	↑© <i>\$</i> >~	
know before	·	JYM†	
before	te·mo·wl	WYLUVUI WY	
	shil·sho·wm		
repay	ye·shal·lem	MJU>	Ruth 2:12
May the LORD	YHVH	ূ	
your work	pa∙o∙lekh		
and may you receive	u∙te∙hee	<b>&gt;</b>	
reward	mas·kur·tekh	WTSWLIM	
a rich	she∙le∙mah	₹~¶√Ш ~~~~	
from	me·im	MOM	

	<b>'빗〉'빗〉</b> —	YHVH	the LORD
	<b>&gt;</b>	e·lo·he	the God
	$J \mathcal{Y} $ $\Lambda \Box \mathcal{Y} $	yis∙ra∙el	of Israel
	91119	a∙sher	whose
	1845	bat	you have taken
	17年111/	la·cha·so·wt	refuge "
	打皿十	ta∙chat	under
	Y>	ke∙na∙phaw	wings
Ruth 2:13	sm>ty	vat·to·mer	she said
	yanmy	em·tsa	" may I continue to find
	5 <del>111</del>	chen	favor
	W>-19>-10-L	be∙e∙ne∙kha	in your eyes
	<b>~ 9.48</b>	a·do·nee	" My lord "
	)—\( \mathred{\matrid{\mathred{\matrid{\matrid{\mathred{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\mid}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}} \mathred{\mathred{\mathred{\mathred{\mathred{\mathred{\mathred{\matrid{\mathred{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\matrid{\ma	kee	for
	>9/t/MIII5	ni∙cham∙ta∙nee	you have comforted
	≻wY	ve·khee	
	t9151	dib∙bar∙ta	and spoken
	JO	al	to
	كال	lev	kindly
	W/III-W	shiph·cha·te·kha	your maidservant
	₩∤ <b>Ⅲ─</b> Ш ╱	ve∙a∙no∙khee	though I
	YJ	lo	not
	4>4>	eh·yeh	am
	† <b>Ⅲ</b> ⁄∀₩	ke∙a∙chat	like one
	w>-/m-w	shiph·cho·te·kha	of your servant girls "
Ruth 2:14	₩₩₩₩ ₩₩₩	vay∙yo∙mer	said
	P.	lah	to her

Boaz	vo·az	100	
At mealtime	le∙et	t@J	
	ha·o·khel	JWY	
" Come over	go·shee		
here	ha·lom	M JY	
have	ve∙a∙khalt	t/WbY	
some	min	gm	
bread	hal·le·chem	<b>Мπ1/</b> Υ	
and dip	ve·ta·valt	tJとJeY	
it	pit∙tekh	w/-	
into the vinegar sauce	ba·cho·mets	on/MIII	
So she sat down	vat·te·shev	ك <del>Ш</del> Y	
beside	mits·tsad	Donm	
the harvesters	haq-qo-wts-reem	M>-9-4	
and he offered	vay·yits·bat		
her	lah	, and the second	
roasted grain	qa·lee	>ل- المراسال	
and she ate	vat·to·khal	JWYTY	
and was satisfied	vat·tis·ba	©UUY	
and had some left over	vat·to·tar	SITTY	
When [Ruth] got up	vat·ta·qam	M- <del>-</del>	Ruth 2:15
to glean	le·laq·qet	M → 1Y ⊕ → JJ	
ordered	vay·tsaw	Yony	
Boaz	bo∙az	100	
-	et	18	
his young men	ne·a·raw	Y>Ungo	
	le∙mor	RM&J	

" Even if	gam	ML	
among	ben	٩>	
the sheaves	ha·o·ma·reem	M>~\n\o\t	
she gathers	te·laq·qet	⊕ <i>-</i> J†	
do not	ve·lo	yn	
insult her	takh·lee·mu·ha	MYWY JUUT	
Rather	ve·gam	MLY	Ruth 2:16
pull out	shol	لـــا∕ل	
	ta·shol·lu	YJWł	
for her	lah	ليا ال	
[some stalks] from	min	3m	
the bundles	hats·tse·va·teem	M>-tcong Mtc1_OY	
and leave them	va∙a∙zav·tem	MYUIOY	
for her to gather	ve·liq·qe·tah	₹ <b>⊕ →</b> /Y	
Do not	ve·lo	yN	
rebuke	tig∙a∙ru	YNOL†	
her "	vah	볏스	
So Ruth gathered grain	vat·te·laq·qet	⊕ <i>→</i> /{Y	Ruth 2:17
in the field	bas∙sa∙deh	光久山凸	
until	ad	DO	
evening	ha∙a∙rev	८९०५	
And when she beat out	vat·tach·bot	⊕凸≖14	
-	et	18	
what	a·sher	வு வ	
she had gleaned	liq·qe·tah	₩₩-	
it was	vay·hee	> <u>_</u> YY	
about an ephah	ke∙e∙phah	ン サーン ピー と し	

	MYJOU	se·o·reem	of barley
Ruth 2:18	S/LITY	vat·tis·sa	She picked up the grain
	<b>Y</b> YUTY	vat·ta·vo·w	and went into
	Ŋ <b>৴</b> ΟΥ	ha∙eer	the town
	Ynty	vat∙te∙re	saw
	Y/Y/MIII	cha·mo·w·tah	where her mother-in- law
	18	et	-
	91119	a∙sher	what
	Ÿ <b>⊕-</b> J	liq·qe·tah	she had gleaned
	Yonyty	vat·to·w·tse	And she brought out
	SttY	vat·tit·ten	and gave it
	빗	lah	to [Naomi]
	18	et	-
	<b>ி</b> ய்≽	a∙sher	what
	<del>ሂ</del> ብተ <b>ሃ</b> ሂ	ho∙w∙ti∙rah	she had saved
	₹©UM	mis·sa·ve·ah	from her meal
Ruth 2:19	amyty	vat·to∙mer	asked
	빗	lah	her
	Y/YMIII	cha∙mo∙w∙tah	Then her mother-in- law
	ザーンタ † <del> ノ</del>	e∙phoh	" Where
	†⊕ <i>→ J</i>	liq·qatt	did you glean
	MY>14	hay·yo·wm	today
	478Y	ve∙a∙nah	and where
	∤≻W©	a∙seet	did you work ?
	) WG) WM	ye·hee	be [the man]
	_		
	$\mathbb{U}_{\mathcal{N}} \mathbb{U}_{\mathcal{M}}$	mak∙kee∙rekh	who noticed you "

Blessed	ba∙rukh	WYSLY	
So she told	vat·tag·ged	<b>⊅</b> B†Y	
her mother-in-law	la·cha·mo·w·tah	YTYMIII.J	
-	et	18	
where	a∙sher	₹	
she had worked	a∙se∙tah	¥tu⊘	
-	im·mo	YMO	
she said	vat·to·mer	smyty	
" The name	shem	МП	
of the man	ha·eesh	U>U>U'}₹	
-	a·sher	₹ S	
I worked	a·see·tee	M/MM	
with	im∙mo	YMO	
today	hay·yo·wm	MY>	
is Boaz "	bo∙az	100	
said	vat·to·mer	smyty	Ruth 2:20
Then Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
to her daughter-in-law	le∙khal·la∙tah	ツナノ ししし	
be blessed	ba∙rukh	wY912	
" May he	hu	<b>E</b> YY	
by the LORD	la·YHVH	<b>サイサン</b>	
who	a·sher	₹ SUD	
has not	lo	yJ	
withdrawn	a∙zav	出工の	
His kindness	chas·do	Y\$\$===	
from	et	18	
the living	ha·chay·yeem	M>->-шţ	

	ve-et	184	
or the dead "	ham∙me∙teem	m>tmy	
continued	vat∙to∙mer	SMOTY	
	lah	Na A	
Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-m@9	
is a close relative	qa·ro·wv	ĽΥΩ <del>-</del>	
[is] one of our	la∙nu	YħJ	
" The man	ha·eesh	U>−\ <b>&gt;</b> ºººº	
kinsman-redeemers "	mig·go·a·le·nu	Y9186M	
Не	hu	<b>Y</b> Y	
said	vat·to∙mer	smyty	Ruth 2:21
Then Ruth	rut	tys	
the Moabitess	ham·mo·w·a·vee·yah	4>-15/M4	
" He also	gam	ME	
	kee	Min	
told me	a∙mar	J/M/	
	e·lay	<b>&gt;</b> -J <b>∀</b>	
with	im	MO	
my young men	han·ne·a·reem	M>Unoty	
-	a∙sher	ЯШУ	
-	lee	$\searrow \mathcal{J}$	
' Stay	tid∙ba∙qeen	9>	
until	ad	My My YJW	
	im	My	
they have finished gathering	kil·lu		
-	et	† <b>ジ</b> ノW	
all	kal	\W\	

	non-y	haq∙qa∙tseer	harvest
	ிய்≽	a·sher	_ ′′′
	$\rightarrow$ $\cup$	lee	my
Ruth 2:22	ambty	vat·to·mer	said
	>-MO9	na∙o∙mee	And Naomi
	JY	el	to
	<b>TY</b> S	rut	Ruth
	<b>サ</b> ノ し	kal·la·tah	her daughter-in-law
	凸Y⊕	to·wv	it is good
	<b>&gt;</b> -\123	bit·tee	" My daughter
	$\succ$	kee	
	> Yout	te·tse∙ee	for you to work
	MO	im	with
	Y>	na∙a∙ro∙w∙taw	his young women
	yN	ve·lo	so that nothing
	YOLOY	yiph∙ge∙u	will happen
	سك	vakh	to you
	光夕山凸	be·sa·deh	field "
	$     \sqrt{111}   $	a∙cher	in another
Ruth 2:23	<u>→</u> 4 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 × 1 ×	vat·tid·baq	So Ruth stayed close
	14907日	be·na·a·ro·wt	to the servant girls
	100	bo∙az	of Boaz
	$\oplus$ $\longrightarrow$ $\int \int$	le·laq·qet	to glean
		ad	grain until
	ty/w	ke·lo·wt	were finished
	14/W 9>	qe·tseer	harvests
	MYGOUK	has·se·o·reem	the barley

	u∙qe∙tseer	n-on-o	
and wheat	ha·chit·teem	$M \rightarrow \oplus \Pi Y$	
And she lived	vat·te·shev	라 <b>니</b> {Y	
with	et	18	
her mother-in-law	cha·mo·w·tah	<b>對Y</b> ////////////////////////////////////	
said	vat·to·mer	SMYTY	Ruth 3:1
to her	lah	P.	
Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
One day Ruth's mother-in-law	cha·mo·w·tah	**************************************	
" My daughter	bit·tee	>\t <u>\</u>	
should I not	ha·lo	<b>Y</b> JY	
seek	a·vaq·qesh	W- <b>-</b> C}	
for you	lakh	$\cup \cup \cup$	
a resting place	ma∙no∙w∙ach	TITY'M	
that	a∙sher	ЫШЯ	
it may be well	yee∙tav	ひ金ン	
with you ?	lakh	$\mathbb{W}J$	
Now	ve∙at∙tah	Y OY	Ruth 3:2
is not	ha·lo	<b>Y</b> JY	
Boaz	vo·az	工OU Yhtosm	
a relative of ours?	mo∙da∙ta∙nu	YHOSM	
whose	a∙sher	₹ SUD	
you have been [working]	ha·yeet	<b>ナーン</b> ・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	
with	et	18	
servant girls	na∙a∙ro∙w∙taw	Y>-tY909	
In fact	hin∙neh	<b>쐿</b> 7묏	
he	hu	<b>E</b> YY	

is winnowing	zo∙reh	<b>光</b> 介工	
-	et	18	
on the threshing floor	go∙ren	<b>ት</b> ና\ቤ	
barley	has∙se∙o∙reem	МЫІОШЁ	
tonight	hal·la·ye·lah	뾧 <b>/ — /</b> 옛	
Therefore wash yourself	ve·ra·chatst	tonIIIsiY	Ruth 3:3
put on perfume	va·sakht	tw=Y	
and wear	ve·samt	∤MШY	
your best clothes	sim·lo∙tēkh	W/JMW	
	a·la·yikh	$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathcal{U}}$	
Go down	ve∙ya∙rad∙tī	>\t\sqrt\sqrt\sqrt\sqrt\sqrt\sqrt\sqrt\sq	
to the threshing floor	hag·go·ren	<b>ጎ</b> ብቤሂ	
but do not	al	J&	
know	tiw·va·de·ee	HODYT	
let the man	la·eesh	U>U\$√	
you are there until	ad	DO	
he has finished	kal·lo·to	Ytu	
eating	le∙e∙khol	J W & J	
and drinking	ve·lish·to·wt	tytm?	
-	vee·hee	<u></u>	Ruth 3:4
When he lies down	ve·sha·khe·vo	YEWLUE	
note	ve∙ya∙da∙at	t@\$>Y	
-	et	18	
the place	ham·ma·qo·wm	MY <del>-</del> M₹	
where	a∙sher	வப்	
he lies	yish·kav	己业山	

	sham	MП	
Then go in	u·vat	1841Y	
and uncover	ve·gil·leet	<b>↑&gt;</b> → <b>ノ</b> ┗Y	
his feet	mar·ge·lo·taw	$Y>=YJ$ L $\Omega$ M	
and lie down	ve·sha·kha·ve·tī	>-\tJWUY	
and he	ve∙hu	YYYY	
will explain	yag·geed		
to you	lakh	UU	
-	et	18	
what	a∙sher	9117	
you should do "	ta∙ʿa∙sīn	9>-1UOt	
[Ruth] answered	vat·to·mer	nmyty	Ruth 3:5
-	e·le·ha	4>-1/Y	
everything	kol	$J$ $\cup$ $\cup$	
-	a∙sher	91119	
you say "	to∙me∙ri∙ya	> nmbt	
" I will do	e∙e∙seh	YUOY	
So she went down	vat·te·red	≠914	Ruth 3:6
to the threshing floor	hag∙go∙ren	<b>ን</b> ብቤሂ	
and did	vat·ta·as	ШФ∤Ү	
everything	ke·khol	$\mathcal{J}$	
-	a∙sher	ЯШУ	
had instructed her [to do]	tsiw∙vat∙tah	Ytyon	
her mother-in-law	cha·mo·w·tah	Y/Y/MIII	
had finished eating	vay∙yo∙khal	YLXX	Ruth 3:7
After Boaz	bo∙az	100	
and drinking	vay∙ye∙shet	<b>†ш</b> >	

and was in good spirits	vay∙yee∙tav	ひ争とと	
	lib-bo	YUJ	
he went	vay∙ya∙vo	& CJY	
to lie down	lish·kav	كسالاك	
at the end	biq∙tseh	yon-o-1	
of the heap of grain	ha∙a∙re∙mah	JM90J	
Then [Ruth] went in secretly	vat·ta·vo	YUTY	
	val·lat	$\Theta J$ $\Box$	
uncovered	vat·te·gal	JBTY	
his feet	mar·ge·lo·taw	$Y$ $\rightarrow I$ $J$ $L$ $\Omega$ $M$	
and lay down	vat·tish·kav	라 ( ) ( )	
-	vay·hee	<u></u>	Ruth 3:8
At midnight	ba∙cha∙tsee	Month	
	hal·lay·lah	빗/ <b>/</b> /빗	
was startled	vay·ye·che·rad	Ø9±±>−Y	
Boaz	ha·eesh	U>->∀¶	
turned over	vay·yil·la·phet	₹ <b>一</b> />─Y	
and there	ve·hin·neh	454Y	
was a woman!	ish∙shah	YULY	
lying	sho·khe·vet	七七四日	
at his feet	mar·ge·lo·taw	$Y$ $+J$ $L$ $\Omega$ $M$	
he asked	vay∙yo∙mer	nmby-γ	Ruth 3:9
" Who	mee	>-l~M	
are you ? "	'at	18	
she replied	vat·to·mer	smyty	
" I [am]	a·no·khee	>-\U\9\ <del>\</del>	
Ruth "	rut	tys	

	wtmb	a·ma·te·kha	your servant
	ш/mb/ /шn-Y	u·pha·ras·ta	" Spread
	(W <b>-</b> 9(W	khe∙na∙phe∙kha	the corner of your garment
	J	al	over
	w/m/	a·ma·te·kha	me
	$\succ$	kee	for
	J&L	go∙el	are a kinsman- redeemer "
	Yty	at·tah	you
Ruth 3:10	S/M/Y/	vay∙yo∙mer	Then [Boaz] said
	<b>光</b>	be∙ru∙khah	bless
	18	at	you
	<b>聖丫型〉</b>	la·YHVH	" May the LORD
	\-\t <u>\</u>	bit∙tee	my daughter
	七山田)一男	he∙tavt	You have shown
	田林川	chas∙dekh	more kindness
	\$Y9\ <del>111\8</del> \\$	ha∙a∙cha∙ro∙wn	now
	9m	min	than
	外山分引光	ha∙ri∙sho∙wn	before
	<b>) ナノとシノ</b>	le·vil·tee	because you have not
	†W <i>J</i>	le∙khet	run
	u	a∙cha∙re	after
	M>→9Y±±45°£	hab·ba·chu·reem	the younger men
	My	im	whether
	MY JS	dal	poor
	MX	ve·im	or
	J>JU⊖ MYY	a·sheer	rich

Ruth 3:11	対のY	ve·at·tah	And now
	一十七	bit∙tee	my daughter
	JY	al	do not
	~\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	tee∙re∙ee	be afraid
	JW)	kol	whatever
	ЯШУ	a∙sher	-
	> SM>+	to·me·ree	you request
	₹W <b>©</b> }	e∙e∙seh	I will do
	UU	lakh	for you
	)—( <i>III</i> )	kee	since
		yo·w·de·a	know
	JW)	kal	all
	ЛФШ	sha·ar	
	) mo	am·mee	my fellow townspeople
	$\succ$	kee	that
	<b>↑Ш&amp;</b>	e·shet	are a woman
		cha·yil	of noble character
	18	at	you
Ruth 3:12	対のY	ve·at·tah	-
	Min	kee	Yes
	MIMY	a∙me∙nam	it is true
	M	kee	that
	My	m	
	JYL	go·el	a kinsman-redeemer
	>-\w minmby >-\w mby Jblb >-\winby	a·no·khee	I [am]
	MLY	ve·gam	but
		yesh	there is

a redeemer	go·el	/ <b>%</b> L	
nearer	qa·ro·wv	<u>८</u> ५४९ <del>-</del>	
than I	mim·men·nee	>°\^\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
Stay here tonight	lee·nee	<b>├</b> ─ <sup>4</sup> <b>├</b> ─ <i>J</i>	Ruth 3:13
	hal·lay·lah	뾧 <i>/</i> 〉—/묏	
	ve·ha·yah	Y>YY	
and in the morning	vab·bo·qer	<b>Λ</b> →८८	
if	im	My	
he wants to redeem you	yig∙a·lekh	لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
good	to·wv	凸Y®	
Let him redeem you	yig∙al		
But if	ve·im	MX	
he does not	lo	yJ	
want	yach·pots		
to redeem you	le∙ga∙o∙lekh	W/\L/	
will	u∙ge∙al·teekh	W>+1/8/6Y	
1	a·no·khee	>-\U9\	
lives	chay		
as surely as the LORD	YHVH	ピープ ピープ リー・	
Now lie here	shikh∙vee	> <del>-</del> 179WLJ	
until	ad	\$€	
morning "	hab∙bo∙qer	√→凸光	
So she lay down	vat·tish·kav	台巡山代	Ruth 3:14
at his feet	mar·ge·lo·taw	YtJLRM	
until	ad	\$€	
morning	hab∙bo∙qer	η→-Δή Μ/Υ	
but she got up	vat·ta·qam	Maty	

before	bit∙rom	MYSAUL	
could recognize her	yak∙keer	$\gamma = \gamma $	
anyone	eesh	Ш>Y	
-	et	18	
else	re∙e∙hu	YYON	
Then Boaz said	vay∙yo∙mer	<b>⋒</b> ₩₩	
" Do not	al	JY	
let it be known	yiw∙va∙da		
that	kee	$\succ$ U $\cup$	
came	va∙ah	りと	
a woman	ha∙ish∙shah	YUD Y	
to the threshing floor "	hag∙go∙ren	<b>ን</b> ብቤሂ	
And he told her	vay∙yo∙mer	SM&>-Y	Ruth 3:15
" Bring	ha∙vee	〉	
the shawl	ham·mit·pa·chat	∤III—⊕MY	
-	a∙sher	ЯШУ	
you are wearing	a∙la∙yikh		
and hold	ve·e·cho·zee	一工皿分	
it out "	vah	빗라	
When she [did so]	vat·to·chez	13世分1	
	bah	볏스	
he shoveled	vay·ya·mad	<i>∆</i> M>-1Y	
six [measures]	shesh	ШШ	
of barley	se·o·reem	MYGOU	
	vay·ya·shet	∤W≻Y	
into her shawl	a·le·ha	₩ <u></u> /©	
Then he went	vay·ya·vo	\$ CD Y	

		ha∙eer	into the city
Ruth 3:16	8YUTY	vat·ta·vo·w	When Ruth returned
	JE	el	to
	YY/MIII	cha·mo·w·tah	her mother-in-law
	amyty	vat·to·mer	Naomi asked her
	$\succ$ $\sim$ $\sim$	mee	" How did it go
	18	at	
	一十凸	bit·tee	my daughter?"
	\$GTY	vat·tag·ged	Then Ruth told
	<b>4</b>	lah	her
	18	et	-
	JW)	kal	all
	<u> பெ</u> ெ	a∙sher	that
	\(\frac{\psi}{\psi}\) \(\infty\)	a∙sah	had done
	P.	lah	for her
	U>JY €	ha·eesh	[Boaz]
Ruth 3:17	SMOTY	vat·to·mer	And she said
	ШШ	shesh	six
	M>US\©UY	has·se·o·reem	measures of barley
	Y J Y	ha∙el·leh	these
	919	na·tan	" He gave
	$\searrow \bigcup$	lee	me
	>-\w 9mb 18	kee	for
	S/M)	³a·ma·ra	he said
	S	al	' Do not
	>->>Y±1† M>9	ta·vo·w∙ee	go back
	M>-\\	re·qam	empty-handed '"

to	el	JY	
your mother-in-law	cha·mo·w·tekh	WYYMII	
said Naomi	vat·to·mer	nmyty	Ruth 3:18
" Wait	she·vee	〉ᆜ십니	
my daughter "	vit∙tee	>\t <u>2</u>	
" until	ad	DO	
-	a∙sher	$\Omega$	
you find out	te·de·een	9>-0st	
how	ekh	420st w28 J->-	
go	yip∙pol		
things	da∙var	$\Omega$	
for	kee	$\succ$	
will not	lo	yJ	
rest	yish∙qot	$\oplus$ $\longrightarrow$ $\Box$ $\bigcirc$	
he	ha∙eesh	<b>Ⅲ&gt;─&gt;</b> ₹	
unless	kee	<b>)—</b> W	
	im	My 比JW	
he has resolved	kil·lah	光ノШ	
the matter	had·da·var	91511111111111111111111111111111111111	
today "	hay·yo·wm	MY>—૫	
Meanwhile, Boaz	u·vo·az	10UY	Ruth 4:1
went	a·lah	Y/@	
to the gate	hash∙sha∙ar	Л⊗ШЧ	
and sat down	vay·ye·shev	كاللكاح	
there	sham	$\sim$	
Soon	ve·hin·neh	454Y	
the kinsman-redeemer	hag·go·el	JYLY	

came along	o∙ver	引出〇	
-	a∙sher	$\Omega$ Ш $\mathcal{Y}$	
had spoken	dib∙ber	<u> </u>	
of whom [he]	bo∙az	100	
and Boaz said	vay∙yo∙mer	SM&>-Y	
" Come over	su∙rah	yny=	
and sit down "	she∙vah	윗스니	
here	poh	<b>4</b>	
my friend	pe·lo·nee	<b>&gt;</b> 19√ <b>-</b>	
	al·mo·nee	<b>&gt;</b> -19~10€	
So he went over	vay·ya·sar	引料一个	
and sat down	vay·ye·shev	25UV—Y	
Then Boaz took	vay·yiq·qach	Ⅲ <del></del> >	Ruth 4:2
ten	a∙sa∙rah	₹ <b>\</b> Ш<	
	a·na·sheem	M>-WYY	
of the elders	miz∙ziq∙ne	>-19- <del>-</del> -1M	
of the city	ha∙eer	NY⊙Y	
and said	vay∙yo∙mer	JWB>-Y	
" Sit	she∙vu	YZJU	
here "	phoh	<b>4</b>	
and they did so	vay·ye·she·vu	YŁYUYY	
And he said	vay·yo·mer	JWB>-Y	Ruth 4:3
to the kinsman- redeemer	lag·go·el		
the piece	chel·qat	<b>├─</b> <i>J</i> III	
of land	has·sa·deh	Y/JUY	
that	a∙sher	$\mathcal{S}$	
belonged to our brother	le-a-chee-nu	YhyJIII	

Elimelech	le·e·lee·me·lekh	W/M>UVY	
is selling	ma·khe·rah	<u> </u>	
" Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-MO9	
who has returned	hash·sha·vah	빗 <b>니</b> 비빗	
from the land	mis·se·deh	Y.SUM	
of Moab	mo·w·av	13 JYM	
1	va·a·nee	>196Y	Ruth 4:4
thought	a∙mar∙tee	>-tamb	
I should inform	eg·leh	Y/ <b>L</b>	
you	a·ze·ne·kha	WIIY	
that	le∙mor	J.MyJ	
you may buy it back	qe∙neh	1919 <del>-</del>	
in the presence of	ne·ged	<b>⊅</b> L³	
those seated here	hay·yo·she·veem	~~とロンツ	
and in the presence of	ve·ne·ged	IJB9Y	
the elders	ziq∙ne	>-19- <del>-</del> - <u>-</u> _	
of my people	am·mee	~M&	
If	im	My	
you want to redeem it	tig·al	JYLY	
do so	ge·al	JYL	
But if you	ve·im	MY	
will not	lo	YJ	
redeem [it]	yig∙al		
tell	hag·gee·dah	ੈ. ₹\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
me	lee	$\rightarrow \mathcal{J}$	
so I may know	ve·ʾē·daʿ		
because	kee	$\succ$	

	9>->	en	[there is] no one
	Wt/YI	zu·la·te·kha	but you
	NY & L.J	lig∙o∙wl	to redeem [it]
	>-\W9\Y	ve∙a∙no∙khee	and I [am]
	WHATTY	a·cha·re·kha	next after you "
	3/M&>-Y	vay∙yo∙mer	he replied
	>-\W9\	a∙no∙khee	<i>"</i> 1
	J&L&	eg·al	will redeem [it] "
Ruth 4:5	S/M&>-Y	vay∙yo∙mer	said
	100	bo∙az	Then Boaz
	MY>-L	be·yo·wm	" On the day
	W/Y9-	qe·no·wt·kha	you buy
	YALUY.	has·sa·deh	the land
	\$>\rightarrow \text{\tint{\text{\tin}\text{\tex{\tex	mee-yad	from
	>-mog	na∙o∙mee	Naomi
	tomy	u·me·et	and also from
	<b>t</b> Y9	rut	Ruth
	뵛>→凸 <b>&gt;</b> Y/M빗	ham·mo·w·a·vee·yah	the Moabitess
	1W&	e·shet	the widow
	tmg	ham∙met	of the deceased
	>\ <sup>1</sup> \>\ <sup>1</sup> \?	qa·nī·tī	you must also acquire
	M>	le·ha·qeem	in order to raise
	МП	shem	up the name
	十一門	ham∙met	of the deceased
	JO	al	on
	YtJ=15	na·cha·la·to	his inheritance "
Ruth 4:6	<b>⋒</b> ₩₩	vay∙yo∙mer	replied

The kinsman-redeemer	hag·go·el	JYLY	
" I cannot	lo	YJ	
	u∙khal	JWYY	
redeem it	lig·'ol	NYGLJ	
myself		$\rightarrow$ $\cup$	
or	pen	90	
I would jeopardize	ash·cheet	<b>∤≻/</b> ⅢШ <b>∀</b>	
-	et	18	
my own inheritance	na·cha·la·tee	>\t\J==\f\	
	ge∙al	JYL	
	le∙kha	$\mathcal{U}\mathcal{J}$	
	at·tah	Yty	
-	et	18	
Take my right of redemption	ge∙ul·la·tee	>一十/岁ቤ	
because	kee	$\succ$	
l cannot	lo	ל א ארעשיל רשאל	
	u∙khal	JWY&	
redeem it "	lig∙ol		
Now	ve·zot	TYIY	Ruth 4:7
in former times	le·pha·neem	M>	
in Israel	be·yis·ra·el	少分引出一凸	
concerning	al	JO	
the redemption	hag∙ge∙ul·lah	Y.MY LY	
	ve·al	JOY	
or exchange of property	hat∙te∙mu∙rah	뷫NYM1빛	
legally binding	le-qay-yem		

to make any	kal	JW	
matter	da·var	<u> የ</u> ተጋል	
would remove	sha·laph	للال ال	
a man	eesh	П>¬Я	
his sandal	na·a·lo	YJ 🗢 9	
and give it	ve·na·tan	5t9Y	
to the other party	le·re·e·hu	YYON	
and this [was]	ve·zot	ty IY	
a confirmation	hat∙te∙u∙dah	4/1	
in Israel	be·yis·ra·el	<b>√</b> ₹₹₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩	
and said	vay∙yo∙mer	nmby-γ	Ruth 4:8
So the kinsman- redeemer	hag·go·el	JYLY	
to Boaz	le∙vo∙az	104/	
" Buy [it]	qe∙neh	¥5 <del></del>	
for yourself "	lakh	$\mathbb{W}J$	
removed	vay·yish·loph	<b>—</b> /Ш/—Y	
his sandal	na·a·lo	YJOH	
said	vay∙yo∙mer	nmby-γ	Ruth 4:9
At this, Boaz	bo∙az	100	
to the elders	laz·ze·qe·neem	194 M>4-1/	
and all	ve·khal	YWY	
the people	ha∙am	MOY	
are witnesses	e·deem	MUDO	
" You	at∙tem	mty	
today	hay·yo·wm	MY>	
that	kee	>	
I am buying	qa∙nee∙tee	>\t\\\\\-\-\-\\\\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-	

-	et	18	
all	kal	W/	
that	a·sher	91	
belonged to Elimelech	le-e-lee-me-lekh	W/M>J&J	
-	ve·et	184	
-	kal	JW/	
-	a∙sher	ЯШУ	
Chilion	le·khil·yo·wn	<sup>6</sup> ۲>—رسال (۲۲	
and Mahlon	u·mach·lo·wn	9YJIIIMY	
from	mee·yad	∆>-1~m	
Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-M⊙9	
Moreover	ve·gam	MLY	Ruth 4:10
-	et	18	
Ruth	rut	tys	
the Moabitess	ham·mo·a·vee·yah	빛>	
widow	e∙shet	tшУ	
Mahlon's	mach·lo·wn	4YJIIIM	
I have acquired	qa·nee·tee	>	
	lee	$\searrow \mathcal{J}$	
as my wife	le-ish-shah	<b>УШУ</b> Ј	
to raise up	le·ha·qeem	M>4	
the name	shem	МШ	
of the deceased	ham∙met	t My	
through	al	J	
his inheritance	na·cha·la·to	YtJIII9	
will not	ve·lo	Y	
disappear	yik·ka·ret	tsux	

name	shem	МП	
so that his	ham∙met	t m y	
from among	me·im	MOM	
his brothers	e∙chaw	YMmy	
or from the gate	u·mish·sha·ar	ЛФШМҮ	
of his home	me·qo·w·mo	YMYM	
are witnesses today	e·deem	MUSO	
You	at·tem	mty	
n	hay·yo·wm	MY>-14	
said	vay∙yo∙me∙ru	YRMYY	Ruth 4:11
and all	kal	JW)	
the people	ha∙am	MOY	
-	a∙sher	<b>ЯШ</b> У	
at the gate	bash·sha·ar	少の日内	
the elders	ve·haz·ze·qe·neem	M>19-14Y	
" We are witnesses "	e·deem	MUDO	
make	yit∙ten	<b>\$</b> {>}	
" May the LORD	YHVH	<b>火火火</b> —	
-	et	18	
the woman	ha∙ish∙shah	YLU <b>&gt;</b> Y	
entering	hab∙ba∙ah	빗〉스빗	
	el	Jy	
your home	be∙te∙kha	<b>ツナ</b> ーと	
like Rachel	ke·ra·chel	JIIISW	
and Leah	u∙khe∙le∙ah	YWVWY	
who	a∙sher	ЯШУ	
together built up	ba∙nu	Yhu	

	she·te·hem	MY>	
-	et	18	
the house	bet	<b>∤&gt;</b> ―と	
of Israel	yis·ra·el	$\sqrt{8}\Omega$	
May you be	va·a·seh	YUU@Y	
prosperous	cha∙yil	J>→III	
in Ephrathah	be∙eph∙ra∙tah	学り一分山	
and famous	u∙qe∙ra	&9- <del>-</del> Y	
	shem	MШ	
in	be∙vet	<b>∤&gt;</b> ──८७८७	
Bethlehem	la∙chem		
become	vee·hee	<u>у</u> уу-ү	Ruth 4:12
And may your house	ve·te·kha	<b>ツナ</b> ーと	
like the house	ke∙vet	<b>∤&gt;</b> ─८७₩	
of Perez	pe·rets	on []	
whom	a·sher	3mb	
bore	ya∙le∙dah	<b>乳な</b> ひ〉―	
Tamar	ta∙mar	sm+	
to Judah	lee∙hu∙dah	፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟፟	
because of	min	<sup>4</sup> m	
the offspring	haz·ze·ra	◎凡工業	
-	a∙sher	91 வி	
will give	yit·ten	<b>5</b> †>—	
the LORD	YHVH	<b>火火火</b> —	
you	le·kha	$\mathbb{W}J$	
by	min	5m	
young woman "	han∙na∙a∙rah	볏닷 <b>♡</b> 5볏닷	

	七十二、	haz·zot	this
Ruth 4:13	Ⅲ <b>→</b> >─\	vay·yiq·qach	took
	100	bo·az	So Boaz
	18	et	-
	tys	rut	Ruth
	<b>)</b>	vat∙te∙hee	and she became
	YJ	lo	his
	YUV /	le∙ish∙shah	wife
	& CD Y	vay·ya·vo	And when he had relations with
	火) / / / /	e·le·ha	her
	9t>Y	vay·yit·ten	enabled
	ツンツー	YHVH	the LORD
	¥.J	lah	her
	<sup>5</sup> Y>—·ብሂ	he·ra·yo·wn	to conceive
	BJTY	vat·te·led	and she gave birth to
	مُك	ben	a son
Ruth 4:14	4799MStY	vat·to·mar·nah	said
	~~\_\LU <b>^</b> \t	han∙na∙sheem	Then the women
	JY	el	to
	~M@g	na∙o∙mee	Naomi
	WYSLL	ba∙rukh	" Blessed [be]
	サイザン	YHVH	the LORD
	ЯШУ	a·sher	who
	YJ	lo	has not
	十一	hish·beet	left
	$\mathbb{W}J$	lakh	you

without a kinsman- redeemer	go∙el	JYL	
this day	hay·yo·wm	MY>-14	
become famous	ve·yiq·qa·re	<b>∀</b> √1 → > - \	
May his name	she∙mo	үмш	
in Israel	be·yis·ra·el	からいと	
He will renew	ve·ha·yah	<b>ザン・サ</b> イ	Ruth 4:15
your	lakh	$\mathbb{W}J$	
	le·me·sheev	UM/U—<	
life	ne·phesh	IJ <b>∽</b> Ÿ	
and sustain you	u·le·khal·kel	Y $U$ $U$ $U$ $U$ $V$	
-	et	18	
in your old age	se·va·tekh	wtt>-u	
For	kee	)—(III	
your daughter-in-law	khal·la·tekh	₩ <i>\</i> /₩	
who	asher	91119	
loves	a·he·va·tekh	WICH	
has given him birth	ye·la·dat·tu	Ytau	
-	a·sher	91 வி	
_ "	hee	y Y Y	
you and is better	to·w∙vah	児UYA	
to you than	lakh	$\mathbb{W}J$	
seven	mish·shiv∙ah	₹©UM	
sons	ba·neem	٨٩> <sup>٩</sup> ٢٤	
took	vat·tiq·qach	Ⅲ <del></del>  Y	Ruth 4:16
And Naomi	na∙o∙mee	>-mog	
-	et	18	
the child	hay·ye·led		

	YYTWTY	vat·te·shi·te·hu	placed him
	Ÿ <b>→</b> >→Ⅲ凸	ve·che·qah	on her lap
	>—'Y+Y	vat·te·hee	and became
	YJ	lo	to him
	thmbu	le∙o∙me∙net	a nurse
Ruth 4:17	4789 <del>- 1</del> 4	vat∙tiq∙re∙nah	and they named
	YJ	lo	him
	tyhuuly	hash·she·khe·no·wt	The neighbor
	МП	shem	-
	NM&J	le∙mor	women said
	$\Delta J \succ $	yul·lad	has been born
	٩٤٢	ben	" A son
	>-MO9/	le·na·o·mee	to Naomi "
	4789 <del>- 1</del> 4	vat∙tiq∙re∙nah	
	ҮМШ	she∙mo	
	\$UY	o·w·ved	Obed
	SYY!	hu	He [became]
	<u> </u>	a·vee	the father
	$\rightarrow$ U $\rightarrow$	yi∙shay	of Jesse
	<u> </u>	a·vee	the father
		da·wid	of David
Ruth 4:18	7/8/	ve·el·leh	Now these [are]
	tysJyt	to·wl·do·wt	the generations
	ang-	pa·rets	of Perez :
	مرر مرر مرر مرر	pe·rets	Perez
	∠> ✓ <	ho∙w·leed	was the father of
	18	et	-

Hezron	chets·ro·wn	9490mIII	
Hezron	ve·chets·ro·wn	5YgonIIIY	Ruth 4:19
was the father of	ho∙w·leed		
-	et	18	
Ram	ram	$\sim$ 1	
Ram	ve·ram	MNY	
was the father of	ho∙w·leed	A ン ・ が 関	
-	et	18	
Amminadab	am·mee·na·dav	LJ SIZY MO	
Amminadab	ve·am·mee·na·dav	८५/5>→M<> ८५/5>→M	Ruth 4:20
was the father of	ho∙w·leed		
-	et	18	
Nahshon	nach·sho·wn	ήΥιμπτη	
Nahshon	ve·nach·sho·wn	\$YLLJ##\$Y	
was the father of	ho∙w·leed		
-	et	18	
Salmon	sal·mah	للال الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	
Salmon	ve·sal·mo·wn	'YMJWY	Ruth 4:21
was the father of	ho∙w·leed		
-	et	18	
Boaz	bo∙az	100	
Boaz	u·vo·az	10UY	
was the father of	ho∙w·leed	A ン ー が 関	
-	et	18	
Obed	o·w·ved	∆UY@	
Obed	ve·o·ved	&U@Y &J-JY4	Ruth 4:22
was the father of	ho∙w·leed		

-	et	18	
Jesse	yi∙shay	$\rightarrow$ U	
and Jesse	ve∙yi∙shay	YLLY	
was the father of	ho·w·leed	少しくは	
-	et	18	
David	da·wid	SYD	